GREATER TZANEEN MUNICIPALITY FINANCE DEPARTMENT FUNDING AND RESERVES POLICY

PREAMBLE

to deliver services to all residents customers, users and investors" and, modernize budget and financial management practices by placing Local Government Finances on a sustainable footing in order to maximize the capacity of municipalities In the spirit of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (No. 56 of 2003) "to

Municipality's financial management, prescribes Where the Budget and Reporting Regulations of 2009 (Government Gazette 32141) this policy as a necessary instrument to monitor and sustain the

as set out in this document. Therefore the Greater Tzaneen Municipality adopts the funding and reserves policy

1. OBJECTIVES OF POLICY

Act and Municipal Budget and Reporting Framework. effect to the requirements and stipulations of the Municipal Finance Management required level to avoid future year unfunded liabilities. Municipality is fully funded and that all funds and reserves are maintained at the The policy sets out to ensure that the annual budget of Greater Tzaneen The policy aims to give

management disciplines Municipality that are involved throughout the budget process The policy shall apply to all the relevant parties within the Greater Tzaneen and financial



to, or affected by, fluctuations in the value of the Rand against any foreign currency.

18. INTERNAL CONTROL

of internal controls governs the administration and management of the portfolio. fraud, misrepresentations, error, conflict of interest or imprudent action, a system Finance Department on a regular basis. Management, and the Auditor general reviewing and testing the systems of the internal control procedures involves Internal Audit In order to prevent losses arising from and Performance

Controls deemed most important include:-

- Control of collusion, separation of duties
- Custodial safekeeping of loan agreements and contracts
- Clear delegation of duties
- Checking and verification by senior officials of all transactions
- Documentation of transactions and repayments
- Code of ethics and standards
- Procedure manuals
- Electronic Funds Transfer limits and a detailed procedure manual for the

19. NATIONAL TREASURY REPORTING AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Municipality's external interest paid each month. Another return, prepared on a coordinated by the Finance department. the quarter ended quarterly basis, requires the Municipality to itemise all its external borrowings for The Municipality submits numerous returns to National Treasury. One such report deals with the It is mainly

20. MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS ON DEBT DISCLOSURE

July 2007 for a municipality or municipal entity. Municipal Finance Management (Government Gazette no. 29966, 15 June 2007) and has been effective from 1 Municipal Regulations on Debt Disclosure. Municipal Regulations on Debt disclosure has been promulgated

accordance with Section 46 of the Municipal Finance Management Act the provision of Municipal infrastructure participate by providing access to a range of competitive funding instruments for confidence in Municipal fiscal affairs and enable the capital markets to effectively implementation of the regulations will help to strengthen the level of and other capital development in

Ы **BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGY**

Capital Budgets

Basis of Calculation

- <u>a</u> The zero based method is one financial year. commitment has been made that would span over more than capital budget, except in used in preparing cases where a the annual contractual
- <u></u> deemed to be part of this), which should be equal to the anticipated revenue (capital loans to be taken up will be The annual capital budget shall be based on realistically balanced budget. anticipated capital expenditure in order to result in a
- <u>C</u> should be carefully analyzed when the annual capital budget incurred resulting directly from of fixed assets and any other operating expenditure to be on external loans, depreciation of fixed assets, maintenance operating budgets in terms of finance charges to be incurred The impact of the capital budget on the current and future is being compiled the capital expenditure,
- d) In addition, the Council shall consider the likely impact of service tariffs. be generated by such item- on future property rates and such operational expenses- net of any revenues expected to

2.1.2 Funding of the Capital Budget

Other Funding Sources

- Own Funds
- <u>5</u> Grants and subsidies as allocated in the annual Division of Revenue of Act.
- Grants and subsidies as allocated by Provincial Government.
- External Loans
- Private Contributions

2.2 Operational Budget

2.2.1 Basis of Calculation

- <u>a</u> The incremental approach is used in preparing the annual operating budget, except in cases where one financial year. commitment has been made that would span over more than മ contractual
- 9 The annual operating budget shall be based on realistically operating expenditure in order to result in a balanced budget. anticipated revenue, which should be equal to the anticipated
- C An income based approach shall be used where determined income, thus resulting in a balanced budget. level of operating realistically anticipated income is determined first and expenditure would be based on the the

2.2.2 Assumptions for various budget categories

for the following expenditure categories: The following assumptions are used when compiling the budget

a) Salaries, Wages and Allowances

the responsible National Minister. based on the limitations and percentages as determined by between organised labour and the employer for a particular percentage The salaries and allowances are calculated based on the The remuneration of all political office bearers is increases as per the collective agreement

b) Collection Costs

system used for the collection of outstanding amounts and is based on the service level agreement. It refers to costs attributed to the maintenance of the financial

c) Depreciation

method, to allocate the depreciation cost to the residual The above is calculated at cost, using the straight line

values over the estimated useful lives of Ħe assets.

d) Interest External Borrowings

is determined by the repayments that the Municipality repaid on an external loan taken up by Council. The budget other party. liable for based on the agreements entered into with the The above refers to interest and redemption that has to be

e) Bulk Purchases

using the tariffs as stipulated by the Water Boards and NERSA and by any other service provider from time to time. The expenditure on bulk purchases shall be determined

f) Other General Expenditure

actual expenditure trends. in line with prevailing growth rates and the CPI and prior based on the percentage determined by Financial Services A percentage growth for all other general expenditure will be

g) Repairs and Maintenance

conjunction with the needs of the departments in terms of repairing their assets The budget of repairs and maintenance shall be based on increment as determined by Financial Services

h) Contributions to Funds

the actual expenditure in the previous year and any other factor that could have an effect. reserve fund) on annual basis and is determined based on Refers to the contribution made to provisions (e.g. insurance

i) Internal Charges and Recoveries

organization. This category refers to interdepartmental charges within the

j) Appropriations

determined on an annual basis. reserve, to offset depreciation charges. Refers to the transfers to- and from the capital replacement Appropriations are

2.2.3 Funding of the Operational Budget

sources: The operating budget shall be financed from the following

a) Service Charges

- Electricity Charges
- (ii) Water Sales
- (iii) Refuse Removal Fees
- (iv) Sewerage Fees

b) Taxes

additional percentage as prescribed by National Treasury. revenue and as far as possible be limited to inflation plus an Increases in tariffs and rates will be based on actual billed Detailed information will be found in the Tariff Policy.

c) Grants & Subsidies

grants and subsidies plus all other subsidies received by the organization. Grants and subsidies shall be based on all the Gazetted

d) Interest on Investments

Policy of the organization. accordance with the Cash Management and Investment The budget for interest and investment shall be

e) Rental Fees

the agreements entered into. Income from rental property will be budgeted for based on

f) Fines

rate as determined by Financial Services for a particular extrapolated over 12 months) and the percentage growth basis of actual receipts until end of December of each year, income received in the preceding year (calculated on the budget year. Income from fines will be budgeted for based on the actual

g) Other Income

extrapolated over 12 months) and the percentage growth budget year. rate as determined by Financial Services for a particular the basis of actual receipts until end of December each year, actual income received in the preceding year (calculated on All other income items will be budgeted for based on the

3. BORROWING REQUIREMENTS

needs taking into consideration the operational impact of any loans. The borrowing requirements are based on the backlogs of the infrastructure

4. IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW OF POLICY

and with legislation. annual basis to ensure that it is in line with the Municipality's strategic objectives This policy shall be implemented as at 1 July 2011 and shall be reviewed on an

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LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING POLICY GREATER TZANEEN MUNICIPALITY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

INTRODUCTION

investment, which in turn requires effective management and control first year of the 5-year plan, financial regulations Implementing the projects included in the 5-year plan will require large capital reviewed to ensure all legal, internal control and social requirements are met policies must be in place to achieve sound financial management. Financial Management is the cornerstone of any organisation. and policies must be Controls and Over the

IDP must be linked to a workable financial plan, which includes a multiyear The Greater Tzaneen Municipality has recognised that to be successful the

Financial Strategies Overview

considerations are: financial resources strategies include a general the Municipality in practicing sound financial management. The following section sets out general financial strategies that should guide (capital and operational) and revenue consideration, which will apply to the detailed raising. The financial

- Asset Management
- Financial Management
- Capital Financing
- Operational Financing
- Cost Effectiveness
- Financial Issues
- Ŋ **GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS**
- Social Responsibilities